(Caesar Williams.p.1.)

INCIDENTS IN TRIBAL INDIAN WARFARE.

CAPTAINN DRY-CREEK-BILLIE.

" Dry Creek Billie fought in three wars, for the Government.

- " 1--Yakima War, 1855-56, for the Government.
- " 2 -- Paiute Tribal Wars.
- " 3-- matilia war, for the Government.

" In the last named war, Qyif-pum, Chief of the Warm Springs tribe, xxxxx Dry Creek Billie; Laul-lus, and Wy-pauis with their followers to fight the Umatillas. The Paiutes had joined the Umatillas, Nez Perce Pokatellas and others aginst the Government. All the sheep herders and others had been killed, the soldiers whipped and they commander was in hiding. The Warm Springs found this officer, dressed him as an Indian and got him but away. Soon as the Umatillas found that the Warm Springs were there, they came and surounded their camp in the night, watched them all night. The Warm Springs before going to sleep, tied their horses inside the circle of tepees, so as to be safe. They heard the enemy and hortx morning they got up and saddled their horses. The chiefs of the Umatillas, Paiutes and Nez Perces came to them and said: 'If you are going with the whites, we will kill you all right here. " They asked my father, Dry Creek Billie and they asked all of them if they were going with the whites, and they all answered 'Yes'. The chiefs then went back to their camp and to let their chief man know what the Warm Springs had said. The Umatilla head chief then came and asked my father and the other two chiefs: 'Will you go against the whites?' They answered 'No!' They counciled all that de night, pointing guns at the three Warm Springs chiefs to scare them, but they did not kill them. The Umatilla chief said to his warriors: 'Go ahead and kill these three Warm Springs chiefs.' His men threatened and pointed their guns, but did not shoot. All the tribe, all the fighting warriors pointed their guns at the three men. They asked again : 'Will you go against the whites? They took the horses of the Warm Springs and placed them in the circle of their own camp and watched them. They counciled again and said to to my father and the other two chiefs: 'Will you go against the white man with us?' My father answered.

CAPTAIN CHARING BATOW COMPESSION OF LEGH-HI. -

"The white man is coming and will fill all the land and you can not stop him. He will make we for us good laws and will have schools for our children. It will be better for all Indians to take the white man by the hand and let him lead us to a better way of living. If you will quit fighting him, and when he comes and the white woman comes, we will all be as brothers and sisters."

"They counciled again and let my father and the two chiefs stay in their camp. They made peace, had a big dance and quit the war.

priting of Captain Charles Laten. bold and legible. (On attached sheet.)

"The Paiutes and Warm Springs Indians were bad people and mean in war. They were always fighting each other. One time the Pajutes came when only old men, women and children were in camp. They killed the old people, and took the young women captives. They took sharpened sticks and ran them through the living children where they sit, clear up through their stomachs and out at their mouths, then stuck the stakes in the ground around a fire and cooked them children like salmon, did not eat them but left them sticking there.

"The Warm Springs then went against the Paiutes and did them the same way. Once they surounded a camp on a river bank at night and when morning camethey went for the Paiutes and killed nearly all of them. The Paiutes went into the water and tried to swim across, but they were shot. Then the Warm Springs did the Paiute children as the Paiutes had done the Warm Springs children. They also

The Paiutes used to own the fishing place at Spear Bridge,
Oregon, but the Warm Springs took it away from them. It was a great
fishing place, and the Warm Springs called it Thlu-nee